IN THE CLAIMS:

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1. (Previously Presented)	A method for establishing identity in a file system,
comprising:	

receiving, from a client, a first Network File System (NFS) operation concerning
an indicated file, the first NFS operation received by a proxy;

forwarding the first NFS operation from the proxy to be received by a file server; returning a NFS file handle associated with the first NFS operation from the file server to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first NFS operation from the proxy;

inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the NFS file handle in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an encryption key;

sending, by the proxy in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, the NFS file handle with the metadata inserted in the NFS file handle to the client as a reply to the first NFS operation;

using, by the client, the metadata and the NFS file handle in a second NFS operation to identify the client and the indicated file; and

receiving, from the client, the second NFS operation by the proxy, the second NFS operation comprising the metadata sent with the second NFS operation;

identifying, in response to the metadata, the client as having a permission to submit the second NFS operation;

sending the second NFS operation to the file server and not sending the metadata to the file server; and

receiving, by the proxy, a further NFS reply from the file server, and sending, by the proxy, the further NFS reply to the client.

- (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, whereby using the metadata in the NFS file handle eliminates a need for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file
 - server to establish file identity, and for completing client requests.

- P01-2475.01 3. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: 1 encoding metadata in a form of a session key into the file handle, the session key expiring after a predetermined amount of time. 3 4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: using an NFS file system as the file system. 2 5. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising: using a stateless protocol by the file system. 2 6-29. (Cancelled). 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the NFS file handle is of a variable size. 2 31. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system. comprising: 2
- receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file request received by a proxy;
- forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server;
- returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the
 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file;
- 8 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle;
- sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle
 to the client, the metadata to be used in further requests to identify the client as having a
 permission to access the indicated file;
- receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file
 request including the metadata in a second file handle sent with the second file request;
- identifying, in response to the metadata, that the client has the permission to submit the second file request;

sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the metadata with the second file handle to the file server; and

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receiving by the proxy a second reply from the file server, and sending by the proxy the second reply to the client.

32. (Currently Amended) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, comprising:

a proxy configured to receive a first Network File System (NFS) operation concerning an indicated file sent by a client to the file system, the proxy further configured to forward the first NFS operation to be received by a file server;

the file server configured to return a NFS file handle associated with the first NFS operation to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first NFS operation from the proxy;

the proxy further configured to insert metadata into the NFS file handle in response to receiving the NFS file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an encryption key; and

the proxy further configured to send the NFS file handle with the metadata inserted in the NFS file handle to the client as a reply to the first NFS operation, the metadata and the NFS file handle to be used in a second NFS operation to identify the client and the indicated file;

the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second NFS operation, the second NFS operation comprising the metadata in the second NFS file handle sent with the second NFS operation;

the proxy to identify, in response to the metadata, the client as having a permission to submit the second NFS operation;

the proxy to send the second NFS operation to the file server and not to send the metadata with the second NFS file handle to the file server; and

the proxy to receive a second NFS reply from the file server, and the proxy to send the second NFS reply to the client.

33. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 32, whereby using the metadata in the 1 NFS file handle eliminated theeliminates a need for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file server to complete client requests. 3 34. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising: 1 the proxy to use the metadata in the NFS file handle received from the client to 2 eliminate a need for additional communication with the file server to establish file 3 identity. 35. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising: 1 the proxy to encode the metadata in a form of a session key into the NFS file 2 handle, the session key expiring after a predetermined amount of time. 3 36. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising: 1 an NFS file system used as the file system. 2 37. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 32, further comprising: 1 a stateless protocol used by the file system. 38. (Currently Amended) A non-volatile memory executed on a computer, comprising: 1 2 the non-volatile memory containing procedures for execution on the computer for a method of establishing identity in a file system, the method having the steps of. 3 4 receiving, from a client, an operation concerning an indicated file, the first operation received by a proxy; 5 forwarding the first-operation from the proxy to be received by a file server; returning a file handle associated with the first operation from the file server to the proxy in response to the file server receiving the first-operation from the proxy; 8 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle in response to receiving the 9 NFS-file handle from the file server, wherein the metadata is an encryption key; and

11 sending, by the proxy in response to receiving the file handle from the file server, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle to the client as a reply to the first operation; receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file request comprising the metadata in a second file handle sent with the second file request; 15 identifying, in response to the metadata, that the client has permission to submit 16 the second file request; sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the metadata 18 with the second file handle to the file server; and 19 receiving, by the proxy, a second reply from the file server, and sending by the 20 proxy the second reply to the client. 21 39. (Currently Amended) A method for establishing identity in a file system, comprising: 2 receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file 3 request received by a proxy: forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server: 5 granting a permission for the request to be acted upon by the file system in 6 response to a predetermined protocol; returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the 8 9 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file: 10 inserting, by the proxy, a session key into the file handle; 11 sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the session key inserted in the file handle to the client, the session key to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file; receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file 14 request comprising information from the session key in a second file handle sent with the second file request; 16

submit the second file request;

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identifying, in response to the session key, that the client has the permission to

P01-2475.01 sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the session key 19 with the second file handle to the file server; and 20 receiving, by the proxy, a second reply from the file server, and sending by the 21 proxy the second reply to the client. 40. (Previously Presented) The non-volatile memory of Claim 38, whereby using the metadata in the file handle eliminates a need for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file server to establish file identity. 41. (Previously Presented) The non-volatile memory of Claim 40, further comprising: causing the session key to expire after a selected amount of time. 2 42. (Previously Presented) The non-volatile memory of Claim 40, further comprising: causing the session key to expire after a selected amount of usage. 2 43. (Previously Presented) The non-volatile memory of Claim 38, further comprising: using a NFS file server as the file server. 2

using a NFS file server as the file server.

44. (Previously Presented) The non-volatile memory of Claim 38, further comprising: using a two way communication exchange between the proxy and the file server.

45. (Currently Amended) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, comprising: a proxy to receive a file request sent by a client to the file system, the proxy to forward the request to a file server;

the file server to return a reply associated with the file request to the proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle;

the proxy to insert a session key into the file handle;

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the proxy to send the file handle with the session key inserted in the file handle to the client, the session key to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file:

the proxy to receive, by the client, a second file request, the second file request to 10 include information of the session key in a further file handle sent with the second 11 request; the proxy to identify, in response to the information of the session key, the client as having a permission to submit the another file request; 14 the proxy to send the second request to the file server and not to send the session 15 key with the second file handle to the file server; and 16 the proxy to receive a further reply from the file server, and the proxy to send the further reply to the client. 18 46. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as in claim 45, whereby using the session key in the file handle eliminates a need for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file 2 server to establish file identity. 47. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, wherein the file handle is a Network File System (NFS) file handle. 2 48. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising: 1 the proxy to encode the metadata in a form of a session key into the file handle, 2 the session key expiring after a predetermined amount of time. 3 49. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising: 1 2 an NFS file system used as the file system. 50. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of Claim 45, further comprising: 1 a stateless protocol used by the file system. 51. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, 1 comprising:

a proxy configured to receive a first file request sent by a client to the file system,
 the proxy further configured to forward the first file request to a file server;

the file server configured to return a reply associated with the first file request to the proxy;

the proxy further configured to insert a session key into a file handle;

the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the session key inserted in the file handle to the client, the session key configured to be used in a second file request to identify the client and the indicated file:

the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second file request, the second file request configured to include the session key in a second file handle sent with the second file request;

the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the session key, the client as having a permission to submit the second file request;

the proxy further configured to send the second file request to the file server and not to send the session key with the second file handle to the file server; and

the proxy further configured to receive a second reply from the file server, and the proxy further configured to send the second reply to the client.

- 52. (Currently Amended) A method for establishing identity in a file system,
- 2 comprising:

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- receiving a first file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the first file request received by a proxy;
- 5 forwarding the first file request from the proxy to a file server;
- determining that the client has a permission to have the request acted upon by the file system in response to a predetermined protocol;
- returning a reply associated with the first file request from the file server to the
 proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file;
- inserting, by the proxy, a cryptographic information into the file handle;

requests to identify the client and the indicated file; receiving, by the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file request including the cryptographic information in a second file handle sent with the second file 15 request: 16 identifying, in response to the cryptographic information, that the client has the permission to submit the second file request; 18 sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the cryptographic 19 information with the second file handle to the file server; and 20 receiving, by the proxy, a second reply from the file server, and sending by the 21 proxy the second reply to the client. 22 53. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, whereby using the cryptographic information in the file handle eliminates a need for the proxy to generate 2 additional requests to the file server to establish file identity. 3 54. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising: causing the cryptographic information to expire after a selected amount of time. 2 1 55. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising: causing the cryptographic information to expire after a selected amount of usage. 2 56. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising: 1 using a NFS protocol as the predetermined protocol. 1 57. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 52, further comprising: using as the predetermined protocol a two way communication exchange between the proxy and the file server. 3

sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the cryptographic information inserted in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information to be used in one or more

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58. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system, comprising:

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a proxy configured to receive a file request for an indicated file sent by a client to the file system, the proxy further configured to forward the request to a file server;

the file server configured to return a reply associated with the file request to the proxy, wherein the reply is configured to include a file handle;

the proxy further configured to insert a cryptographic information into the file handle;

the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the cryptographic information inserted in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information configured to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file;

the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second request, the second file request to include the cryptographic information in a second file handle sent with the second request;

the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the cryptographic information, the client as having a permission to submit the second file request;

to send the cryptographic information with the second file handle to the file server; and the proxy further configured to receive a further reply from the file server, and the proxy to send the further reply to the client.

the proxy further configured to send the second request to the file server and not

- 59. (Previously Presented) The apparatus as in claim 58, whereby using the cryptographic information in the file handle eliminates a need for the proxy to generate additional requests to the file server to establish file identity.
- 1 60. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, wherein the file handle is a
 2 Network File System (NFS) file handle.

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1	61. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:	
2	the proxy further configured to encode the metadata in a form of a cryptographic	
3	information into the file handle, the cryptographic information configured to expire after	
4	a predetermined amount of time.	
1	62. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:	
2	an NFS file system used as the file system.	
1	63. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 58, further comprising:	
2	a stateless protocol used by the file system.	
1	64. (Previously Presented) An apparatus to establish identity in a file system,	
2	comprising:	
3	a proxy configured to receive a first file request sent by a client to the file	

a proxy configured to receive a first file request sent by a client to the fil
 system, the proxy to forward the first file request to a file server;

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the file server configured to return a reply associated with the first file request to the proxy;

the proxy further configured to insert a cryptographic information into a file handle;

the proxy further configured to send the file handle with the cryptographic information inserted in the file handle to the client, the cryptographic information configured to be used in a second file request to identify the client and the indicated file;

the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second file request, the second file request configured to include the cryptographic information in a second file handle sent with the second file request;

the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the cryptographic information, the client as having a permission to submit the second file request;

the proxy further configured to send the second file request to the file server and not to send the cryptographic information with the second file handle to the file server; and

the proxy further configured to receive a second reply from the file server, and the proxy to send the second reply to the client.

65. (Previously Presented) A method for establishing identity in a file system,

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receiving a file request concerning an indicated file from a client, the request received by a proxy;

forwarding the request from the proxy to a file server;

returning a reply associated with the file request from the file server to the
proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle associated with the indicated file;

inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle;

sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle to the client, a size of the file handle set to a sum of a length of the server file handle and a length of the proxy metadata, the metadata to be used in further requests to identify the client and the indicated file; and

receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file request comprising the metadata in a second file handle sent with the second file request;

identifying, in response to the metadata, that the client has permission to submit the second file request;

sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the metadata with the second file handle to the file server; and

receiving by the proxy a second reply from the file server, and sending by the proxy the second reply to the client.

66. (Previously Presented) A method, comprising:

receiving, by a proxy, a file request for a file sent from a client;

3 forwarding the file request from the proxy to a file server; returning a reply associated with the file request from the file server to the proxy, wherein the reply includes a file handle; 5 inserting, by the proxy, metadata into the file handle; 6 sending, by the proxy, the file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle to the client: 8 receiving, from the client, a second file request by the proxy, the second file q request comprising the metadata in a second file handle sent with the second file 10 request; 11 identifying, in response to the metadata, that the client has permission to 12 submit the second file request:

sending the second file request to the file server and not sending the metadata with the second file handle to the file server; and

receiving by the proxy a second reply from the file server, and sending by the
proxy the second reply to the client.

67. (Currently Amended) A computer apparatus, comprising:

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a proxy configured to receive a client file request for a file and forward the file request from the proxy to a file server;

the server configured to return a reply associated with the file request, wherein the reply includes a file handle;

the proxy further configured to intercept the file handle sent from the server and insert metadata into the file handle to create a modified file handle;

the proxy further configured to send the modified file handle with the metadata inserted in the file handle to the client:

the proxy further configured to receive the modified file handle from the client for a second file request for the file, wherein the proxy is further configured to use the modified file handle to eliminate a need for the proxy to generate one or more additional requests to the server that would be required to access the file if the modified file handle did not include the inserted metadata;

5	second file request configured to include the metadata in a second file handle sent with
7	the second file request;
3	the proxy further configured to identify, in response to the metadata, the client as
)	having a permission to submit the second file request;
)	the proxy further configured to send the second file request to the file server and
ı	not to send the metadata with the second file handle to the file server; and
2	the proxy further configured to receive a second reply from the file server, and the

proxy to send the second reply to the client.

the proxy further configured to receive, by the client, a second file request, the